# Principles of <br> statistics 

First exam
Doctor 2021


## - For questions 1-3

Given the following data: $-5,-3,1,3,4,4,4,5$ 1) The median is:
a) 3.5
b) 4
c) 3
d) 4
e)1.63
2) The mean is:
a) 3.5
b) 4
c) 3
d) 4
e)1.63
3) The mode is:
a)3.5
b)4
c) 3
d) 4
e)1.63
4) The distribution of a sample is skewed to the left with Mean 40, in such a case only one of the following could be correct :
a. Mode $=43$ and Median $=46$
b. Mode $=46$ and Median $=42$
c. Mode $=33$ and Median $=36$
d. Mode $=37$ and Median $=43$
e. Mode $=42$ and Median $=37$
Ans: 1) a
2) e
3) d
4) $b$
5) The table below shows the number of daily studying hours for a sample of 50 students.

| Class | $3-5$ | $6-8$ | $9-11$ | $12-14$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Frequency | 10 | 20 | 15 | 5 |

The percentage of students study less than 7 hours is:
a. $40 \%$
b. $50 \%$
c. 60\%
d. 45\%
e. 47.5\%
6) The table below shows the means and standard deviations of 3 samples as well as a grade for each sample ( $\mathrm{W}, \mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$, respectively).

| Sample | Mean | Standard Deviation | Score |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Sample I | 6 | 2 | $\mathrm{~W}=12$ |
| Sample II | 24 | 2 | $\mathrm{X}=20$ |
| Sample III | 30 | 4 | $\mathrm{Y}=40$ |

Based on the $z$-score, the order of the relative positions (from lower to upper) of the $\mathrm{W}, \mathrm{X}$ and Y grades is:
a) $W<X<Y$
b) $X<Y<W$
c) $Y<X<W$
d) $\mathrm{Y}<\mathrm{W}<\mathrm{X}$
e) $W<Y<X$

Ans: 5) a
6) b
7) For a given sample, the mean is 15 and the variance is 2. If we multiply each observation by $1: 1$ then we add 2 , then, the new mean and the new variance are, respectively:
a) $15.5 \& 1.62$
b) $14.5 \& 4.42$
c) $18.5 \& 2.42$
d) $15.5 \& 3.62$
e) 18.5 \& 1.21
8) If a committee of four students is to be formed from a group of 5 male and 3 female students, then the probability that the committee contains at least one female student is:
a) $41 / 42$
b) $5 / 9$
c) $13 / 14$
d) $4 / 9$
e) $1 / 42$
9) A sample data of size $\mathbf{1 6 0}$ observations has mean= $\mathbf{7 2}$. If at least 120 observations fall in the interval 67-77. Based on Chebyshev's theorem, the minimum percentage of observations that should fall in the interval 62-82 is:
a) $93.75 \%$
b) $75 \%$
c) $96 \%$
d) $88.88 \%$
e) $55.55 \%$
10) Let $A$ and $B$ be two events in a sample space such that $P(A)=0.5, P(B)=0.7, A$ and $B$ are independent, then $P(\bar{A} \cup \bar{B})$ equals to:
a) 0.7
b) 0.85
c) 0.4176
d) 0.1176
e) 0.65
Ans: 7) c 8) c 9) a $\quad$ 10) e
11) The boxplot below summarizes the grades of 100 students in a mathematics quiz.


The IQR of the quiz is:
a) 18
b) 7
c) 15
d) 8
e) 5
12) If $P(A \mid B)=0.5, P(A)=0.3$ and $P(B)=0.4$ then $P(B \mid A)=$
a) $1 / 6$
b) $2 / 3$
c) $1 / 3$
d) $5 / 6$
e) $1 / 2$
13) Given the following table

|  | Male | Female |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Average (mean) | 550 | $\mathbf{X}$ |
| Sample size | 15 | 10 |

If the mean of the two samples (combined) together is 498, then $X=$
a) 446
b) 430
c) 410
d) 420
e) 436

Ans: 11) d 12) b $\begin{array}{llll}\text { 13 } d\end{array}$

## - For Questions (14-15

Suppose there are $\mathbf{7 0}$ male students and 30 female students in a chemistry class. Assume that 55 of the males and 25 of the females passed the course.
14) The probability that a randomly selected student will pass the course is:
a) 0.55
b) 0.70
c) 0.80
d) 0.83
e) 0.25
15) The probability that a randomly selected student is a male student if he/she has passed the course is:
a) 0.3125
b) 0.55
c) 0.7584
d) 0.2416
e) 0.6875

Ans: 14) c 15) e

## The End



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