

Abdominal wall pp

All of the following regarding the rectus sheath is true except:

- a. 2 muscles
- b. 2 epigastric arteries
- c. Lower intercostals nerves
- d. Ilioinguinal and iliohypogastric nerves
- e. Tendenious intersections

Answer:D

-Wrong about spermatic cord

- a. inner spermatic fascia is form internal oblique
- b. External Spermatic fascia is derived from the external oblique aponeurosis

Answer: a

33-What is the type of hernia that exits form this triangle (inguinal triangle)

- a. indirect inguinal hernia
- b. direct inguinal hernia
- c. hiatal hernia

Answer:B

44-Wrong about tendinous intersection

Answer: attach to posterior border of rectus sheath

-Wrong about anterior abdominal wall:

- a. the intercostal nerve lies between internal oblique and transversus abdominis muscle
- b. below the arcuate line, the posterior wall of rectus sheath is formed by transversus abdominis fascia
- c. innervation to the skin just above the symphysis pubis is from iliohypogastric nerve
- d. the rectus sheath contains two epigastric arteries and two muscles
- e. tendinous intersection of rectus abdominis are firmly attached to the anterior wall of rectus sheath

Answer: B

91-If we have a rupture in the penile urethra, the urine will reach all except

- a. thigh to the attachment of fascia late
- b. penis
- c. scrotum (colles facia)
- d. goes upward above umbilicus

Answer:D

107-Which match is wrong regarding the anterior abdominal wall?

- a. Tendinous intersections -attached to anterior wall of rectus sheath
- b. conjoint tendon -union of lower arching fibers of internal oblique and transversus abdominis muscles
- c. internal spermatic fascia from fascia transversalis
- d. lower 6 intercostal nerves within rectus sheath
- e. indirect inguinal hernia located medial to inferior epigastric vessels

Answer: e