Musculoskeletal system

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Anatomy

- Which of the followings is NOT considered a content of infratemporal fossa:
- A. Otic ganglion
- B. Chorda tympani
- · C. Greater petrosal nerve
- D. Pterygoid venous plexus
- E. Pterygoid muscles
- · Answer: C

- All the followings are considered branches of the second part of maxillary artery EXCEPT:
- A. Deep temporal arteries
- B. Masseteric artery
- C. Buccal artery
- D. Pterygoid branches
- E. Middle meningeal artery
- Answer: E

- Choose the CORRECT statement regarding optic disc:
- A. It is more nasally compared to macula lutea
- B. It has the highest concentration of rods
- C. It is relatively avascular
- D. It has a diffuse margin
- E. It contains fovea centralis
- Answer: A

- Parasympathetic innervation to the head, choose the CORRECT statement:
- A. Ciliary ganglion receives its preganglionic parasympathetic fibers from nasociliary nerve
- B. Preganglionic parasympathetic fibers in facial nerve end in two different ganglia
- C. Submandibular ganglion receives preganglionic parasympathetic fibers from glossopharyngeal nerve
- D. Preganglionic parasympathetic fibers of lesser petrosal nerve synapse in pterygopalatine ganglion
- E. Ciliary ganglion sends postganglionic parasympathetic fibers to the radial muscle of the iris
- Answer: B

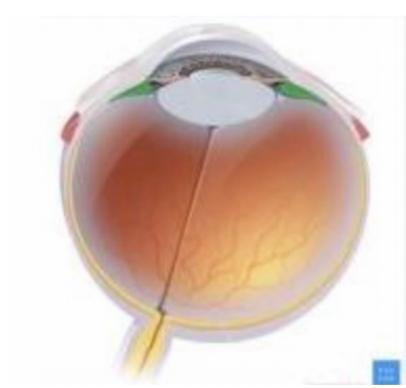
- All the following muscles are supplied by ansa cervicalis EXCEPT:
- · A. Sternohyoid
- · B. Sternothyroid
- · C. Superior belly of omohyoid
- D. Inferior belly of omohyoid
- E. Thyrohyoid
- Answer: E (important)

- Contents of the neck triangles, choose the WRONG match:
- A. Internal jugular vein: carotid triangle
- B. Ansa cervicalis: muscular triangle
- C. Spinal accessory: posterior triangle
- D. Subclavian vessels: supraclavicular triangle
- E. Facial vessels: submandibular triangle
- Answer: B

• Cell bodies of motor neurons supplying the green highlighted structure lie in which ganglion:

- · A. Trigeminal
- B. Ciliary
- · C. Pterygopalatine
- · D. Geniculate
- E. Otic

Answer: B



- The carotid sheath and its contents may be safely retracted as a unit during surgical procedures of the neck. The contents of the carotid sheath include all of the following structures EXCEPT:
- A. External carotid artery
- B. Internal jugular vein
- C. Carotid plexus
- D. Deep cervical lymph nodes
- E. Tenth cranial nerve
- Answer: A

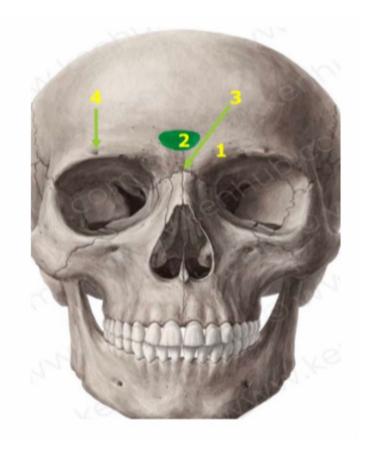
- Which of the following muscles receives its motor supply by 2 cranial nerves:
- A. Trapezius
- B. Thyrohyoid
- · C. Omohyoid
- D. Digastric
- E. Buccinator
- · Answer: D

- Sternocleidomastoid, choose the WRONG statement:
- · A. It is crossed superficially by the external jugular vein
- B. Contraction of one muscle rotates the head to the opposite side
- C. Has two heads of origin
- D. It is paralyzed when spinal accessory is severed in the posterior triangle
- E. It is enclosed by the investing fascia
- Answer: D

- What pass through the pointed structure:
- A. Mental nerve
- B. Facial nerve
- · C. Anterior alveolar nerve
- D. Hypoglossal nerve
- E. Lesser palatine nerve
- Answer: A



- Which nerve pass through fourth structure:
- · A. Glossopharyngeal nerve
- B. Facial nerve
- C. Supraorbital nerve
- D. Zygomaticotemporal nerve
- E. Buccal nerve
- · Answer: C

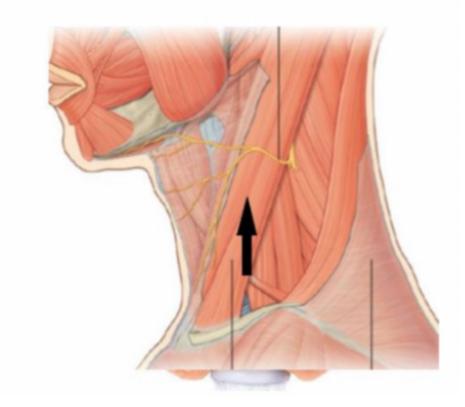


- Regarding muscles of the anterior triangle, choose the wrong statement:
- A. inferior belly of the omohyoid muscle makes the anterior inferior border of carotid triangles
- B. Sternohyoid, sternothyroid, muscles forms the floor of muscular triangle
- C. Mylohyoid and hyoglossus muscles may elevate the hyoid bone
- D. Posterior belly of digastric muscle is attached to the mastoid process
- E. Omohyoid muscle is supplied by ansa cervicalis
- Answer: A

- All of the following are contents of the Digastric triangle EXCEPT:
- A. Superior thyroid artery
- B. facial artery
- C. submandibular LN
- D. Submandibular gland
- · E. facial vein
- · Answer: A

- The nerve supply of pointed muscle is:
- A. Hypoglossal nerve
- B. Spinal root of accessory nerve
- · C. Ansa cervicalis
- D. Cranial root of accessory nerve
- E. Vagus nerve

· Answer: B



- The pointed structure is by the narrow:
- A. coronoid process
- B. neck of the mandible
- C. condylar process
- D. mental protuberance
- E. head of the mandible

Answer: A



- The pterygoid venous plexus is drained by:
- A. inferior ophthalmic vein
- B. anterior facial vein
- C. pharyngeal venous plexus
- D. maxillary vein
- E. cavernous sinus

· Answer: D

- Middle ear, choose the WRONG match:
- A. Medial wall: horizontal part of facial canal
- B. Floor: internal jugular vein
- C. Roof: tegmen tympani
- D. Anterior wall: tympanic plexus
- E. Posterior wall: origin of chorda tympani
- Answer: D

- All the followings are branches of external carotid artery EXCEPT:
- A. Posterior auricular artery
- B. Superficial temporal artery
- C. Facial artery
- D. Supraorbital artery
- E. Maxillary artery
- Answer: D

- Cutaneous innervation the auricle is derived from:
- A. Auriculotemporal nerve
- B. Great auricular nerve
- C. Lessor occipital nerve
- D. All of the mentioned
- E. Vagus nerve
- Answer: D

- The posterior belly of digastric is supplied by:
- · A. Glossopharyngeal
- B. Vagus
- · C. Mandibular
- D. Facial
- E. Maxillary
- Answer: D

- Which of the following muscle depresses and protrudes the mandible:
- A. Temporalis
- B. Buccinator
- · C. Lateral pterygoid
- · D. Medial pterygoid
- E. Masseter
- · Answer: C

- A lesion causing compression of the facial nerve at the internal acoustic meatus will cause ipsilateral:
- A. Paralysis of the facial muscles
- B. Paralysis of the facial muscles, a decreased salivation, loss of taste and lacrimation
- C. Paralysis of the facial muscles, increased salivation, loss of taste and lacrimation
- D. Paralysis of the facial muscles and loss of taste
- E. Paralysis of the facial muscles, loss of taste and lacrimation
- Answer: B

- Which of the following retinal layers contains the nuclei of the bipolar cells, amacrine cells, horizontal cells, and Muller cells:
- A. Rod and cone layer
- B. Outer limiting layer
- · C. Outer nuclear layer
- D. Inner nuclear layer
- E. Outer plexiform layer
- Answer: D

- Choose the WRONG statement regarding this muscle:
- A. Il tis supplied by ansa cervicalis
- B. Its superior belly separates muscular and carotid triangles
- · C. None of the mentioned
- D. Its inferior belly is located in the posterior triangle of the neck
- E. It is one of infrahyoid muscles and has two bellies

Answer: C



- Identify the green highlighted layer:
- · A. Outer nuclear layer
- B. Inner nuclear
- · C. Outer plexiform
- D. Photoreceptor layer
- E. Retinal pigment epithelium

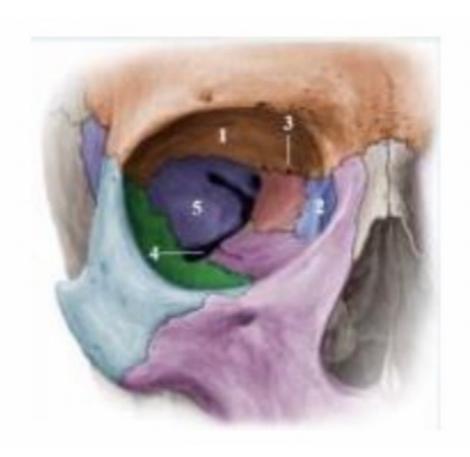
· Answer: D



- Which retinal layer contains cell bodies of rods and cones:
- Answer: Outer nuclear layer

- Choose the WRONG match:
- A. 4 is located between the floor and the lateral wall
- B. 1 is the orbital plate of frontal bone
- C. 2 is the lacrimal bone
- D. 5 is the orbital plate of zygomatic bone
- E. 3 transmits anterior ethmoidal nerve and vessels

· Answer: D



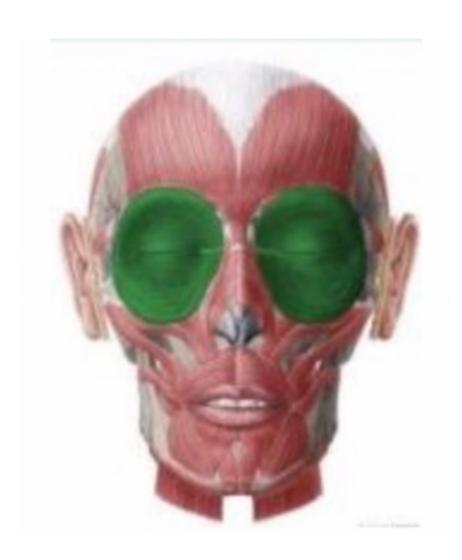
- Which of the following depresses mandible or elevates hyoid bone:
- Answer: Posterior belly of digastric

- Wrong about the cornea:
- Answer: descemets membrane is the membrane under the stratified epithelium layer

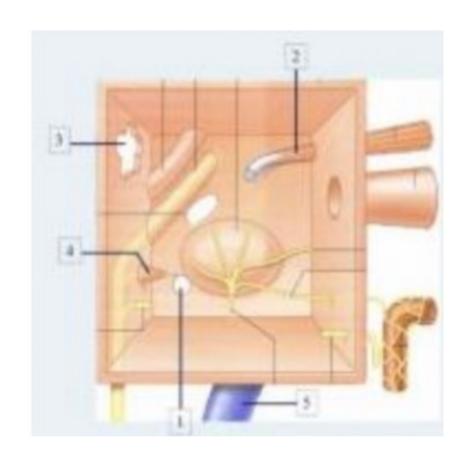
- All are correct about muscles of mastication except:
- Answer: fibers of medial pterygoid muscle are oriented almost horizontally

- True about the muscles of the neck:
- Answer: Branches of the mandibular nerve supply two suprahyoid muscles

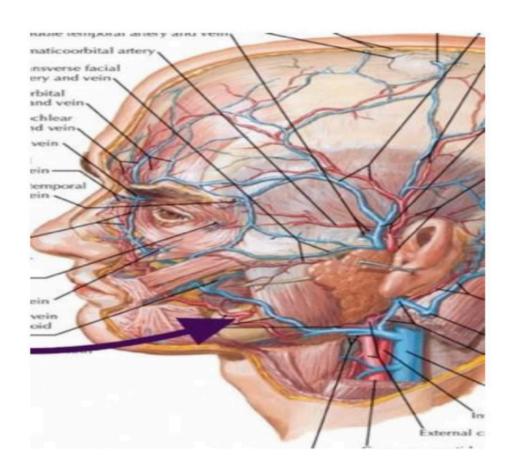
- Paralysis of the green highlighted muscle would most probably result in:
- A. Inability to rotate the eyeballs laterally
- · B. Double vision
- · C. Inability to elevate the upper eyelids
- D. Inability to close the eyes
- E. Inability to elevate the eyebrows
- Answer: D



- Choose the WRONG match:
- A. A muscle supplied by mandibular nerve: 2
- B. Round window in the medial wall: I
- C. External jugular vein: 5
- D. Aditus to mastoid: 3
- E. A muscle supplied by facial nerve: 4
- · Answer: C



- The purple arrow refers to:
- Answer: facial artery



- The muscle supplies by C1:
- · A. Geniohyoid
- B. Mylohoud
- · C. Thyrohyoid
- · D. Stylohyoid
- E. A+C
- · Answer: E

- Which of the following nerve contains postganglionic parasympathetic fibers:
- Answer: aurciulotemporal nerve

- A branch from cervical plexus:
- Answer: lesser occipital nerve

- Regarding the two muscle of the middle ear, choose the wrong statement:
- A. Both muscles are derived from the first and second pharyngeal arches
- B. tensor tympani muscle is related to the anterior wall
- · C. stapedius muscle is related to the posterior wall
- D. tensor tympani muscle Dampens down vibration of the secondary
- tympanic membrane .
- E. Stapedius muscle dampens down vibration of stapes
- Answer: D

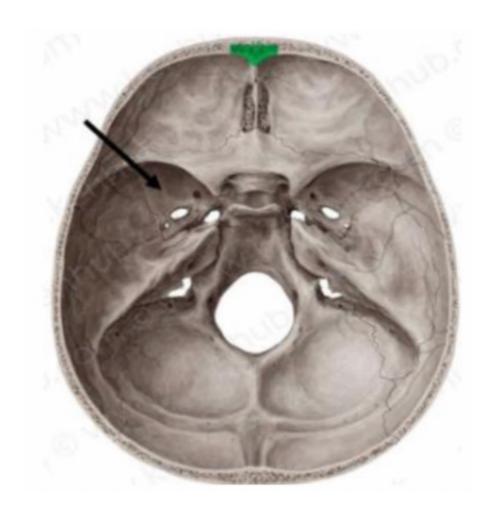
- Which of the following is wrong regarding lymph drainage of The neck:
- A. Deep cervical lymph nodes drain only from the neck
- B. Superficial cervical nodes are superficial to sternocleidomastoid Muscle
- · C. The intermediate tendon of omohyoid divides deep cervical nodes Into
- upper and lower groups
- D. The jugulo-omohyoid node receives drainage from the tongue
- Answer: A

- About ear anatomy, which is wrong:
- Answer: upon the examination of normal tympanic membrane using an Otoscope, the cone of light is directed anteriosuperior
- A stab wound in the posterior triangle on the neck can lead to:
- Answer: drop of shoulder
- The roof of the infratemporal fossa is formed by:
- Answer: the greater wing of sphenoid bone

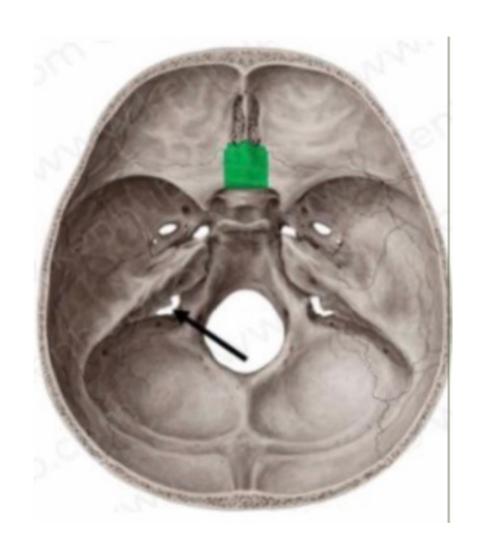
- Wrong about the ciliary muscle:
- Answer: Contraction of the ciliary muscle increases the tension in the Suspensory ligament

- The pointed structure is by the narrow:
- A. Sulcus chiasmaticus
- B. greater wing of sphenoid
- C. trigeminal impression
- D. anterior clinoid process
- E. petrous part of temporal bone

Answer: B



- Which of the following nerves passes through the pointed foramen
- · A. Glossopharyngeal
- B. maxillary
- · C. hypoglossal
- D. lesser petrosal
- E. mandibular
- Answer: A



- What is the function of the temporalis muscle:
- A. Elevates and protrudes the mandible
- B. Elevates and retracts the mandible
- C. Depresses and protrudes mandible
- D. Depresses and retracts mandible
- Answer: B

- The following structures are contents of the carotid sheath Except:
- A. Common carotid artery
- B. Internal carotid artery
- C. Sympathetic trunk
- D. Vagus nerve
- E. Internal jugular vein
- · Answer: C

