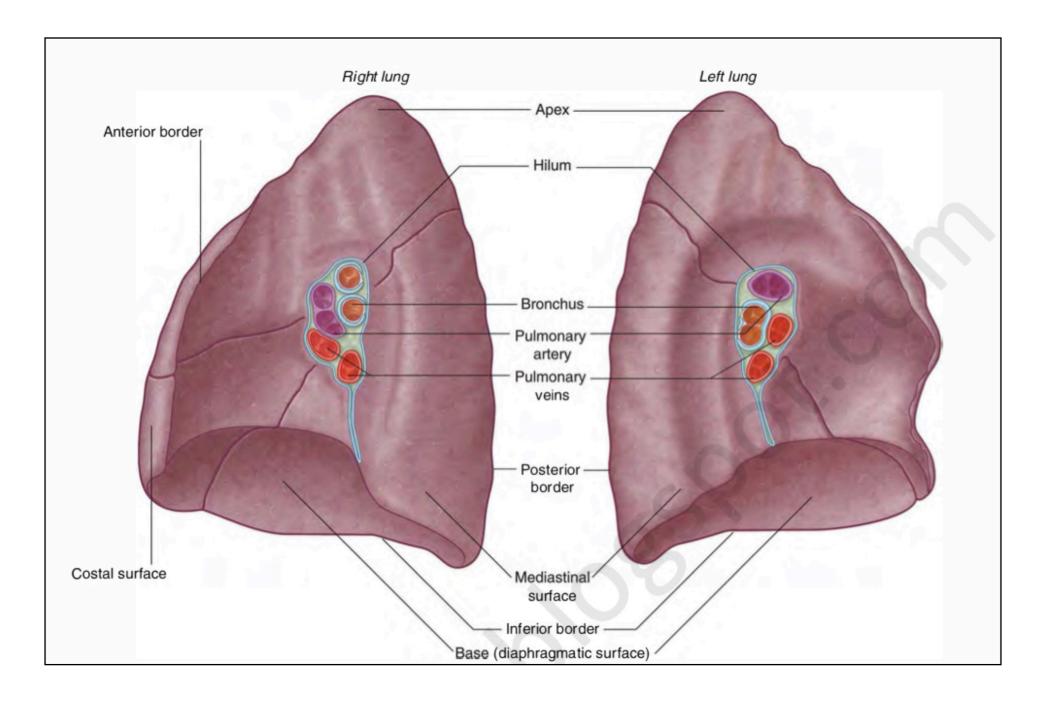
Lab / Fourth Week

- 1. Pleura.
- 2. Lungs.

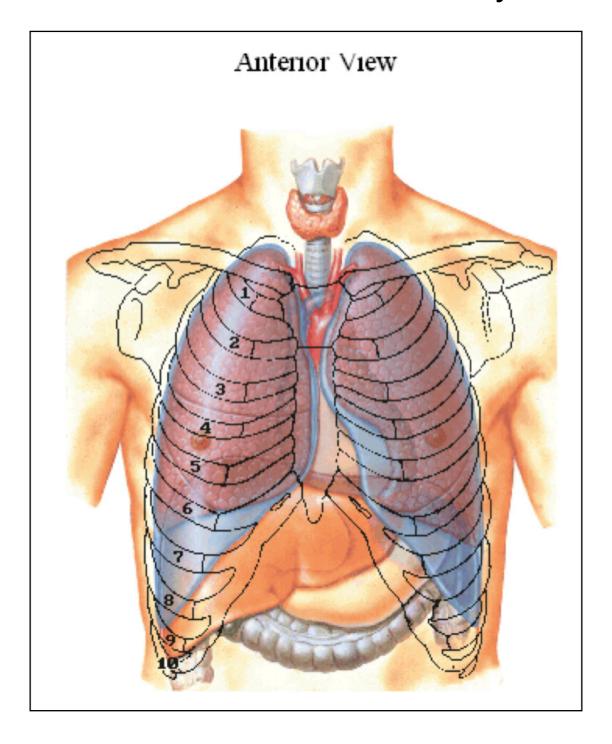


- The students should observe the base, apex, two surfaces and three borders of lungs
- The students should know the different between the right and left lung



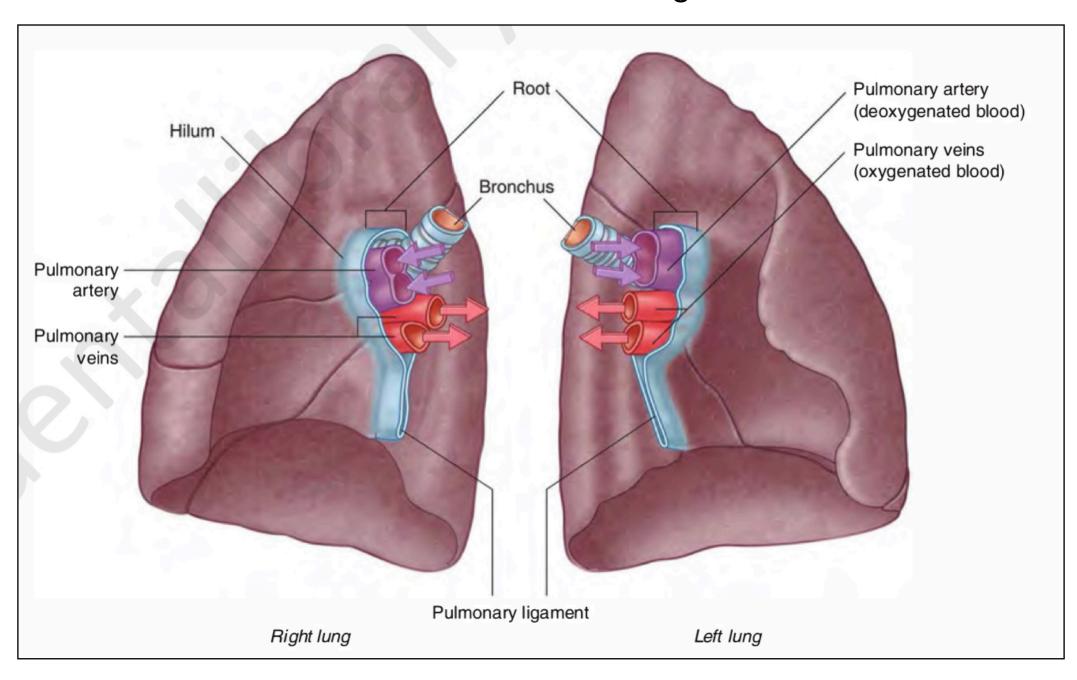
Lungs

• The students should know the surface anatomy of the lungs



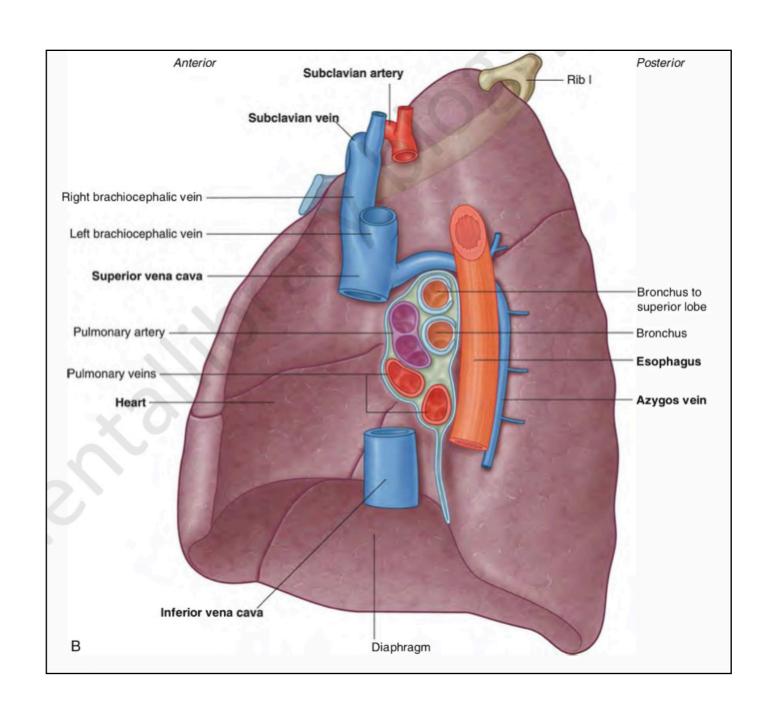
Root and hilum Of the lungs

The students should observe the root of the lungs and content of the hilum:



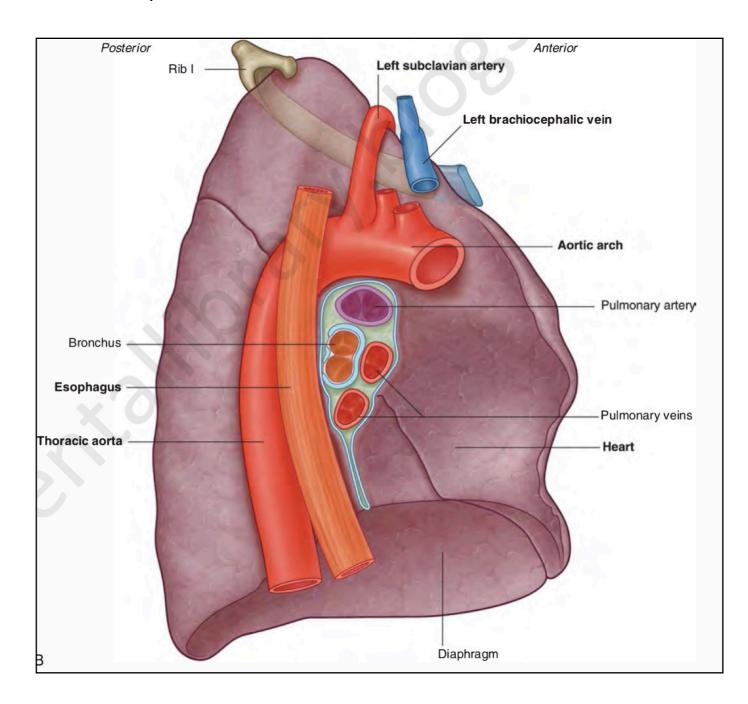


- The students should know the impression on the right lung:
 - inferior vena cava
 - superior vena cava
 - Right atrium
 - Arch of azygos vein
 - esophagus.
 - Trachea



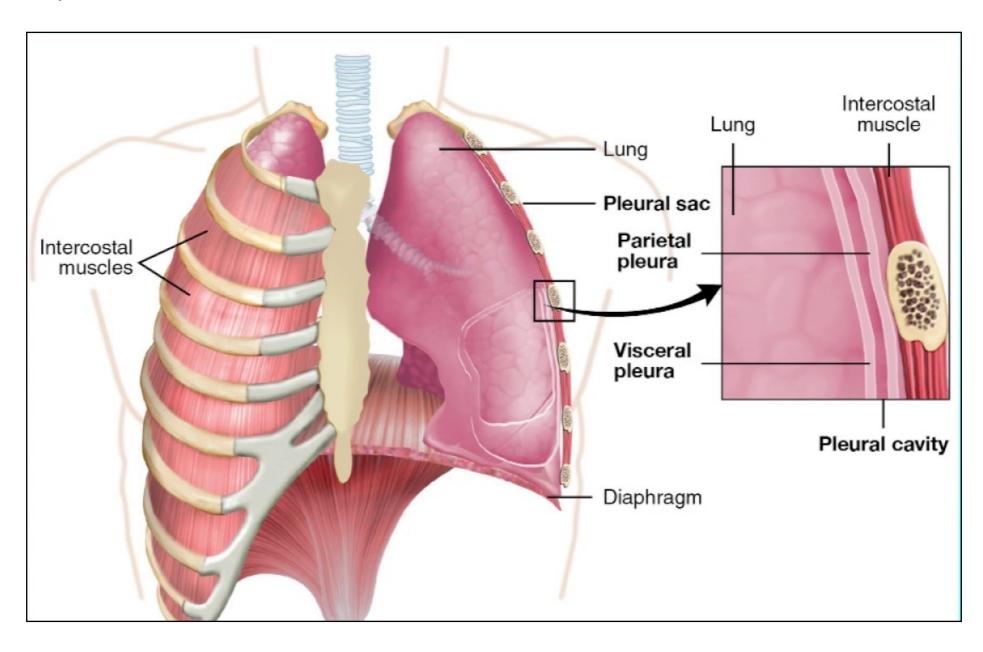


- The students should know the impression on the left lung:
 - heart (pericardium covering left ventricle)
 - aortic arch
 - thoracic aorta
 - esophagus
 - Left common carotid
 - Left subclavian



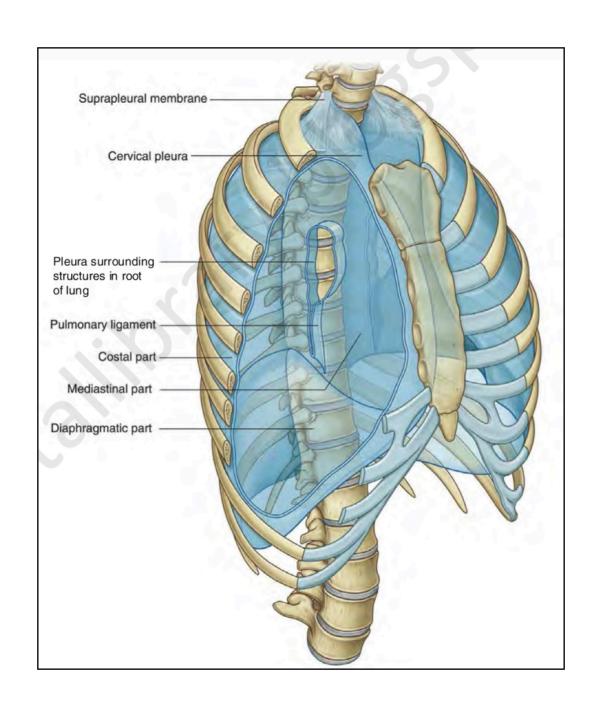


- The students should know that pleura is divided into two major types:
 - parietal pleura
 - visceral pleura



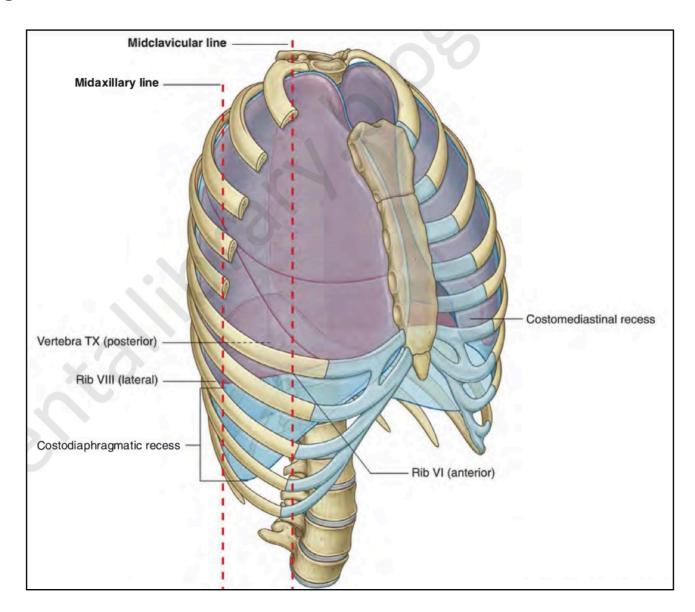


- The students should know parts of parietal pleura:
 - Cervical
 - Mediastinal
 - Diaphragmatic
 - Costal



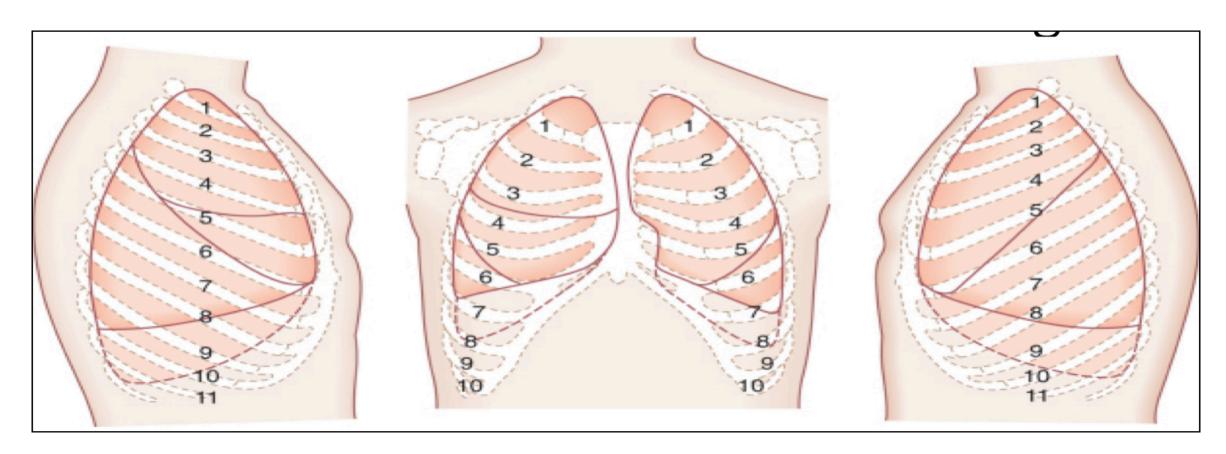


- The students should know Pleural recesses:
 - Costomediastinal recesses
 - Costodiaphragmatic recesses



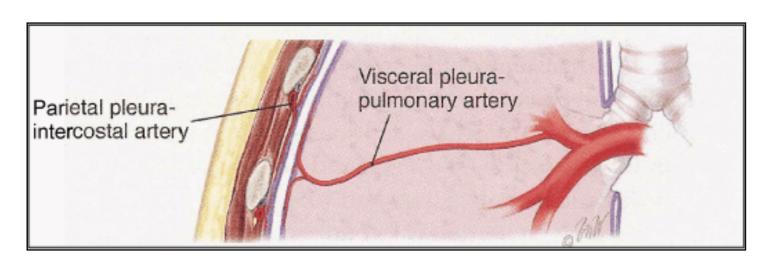
≍ Pleura

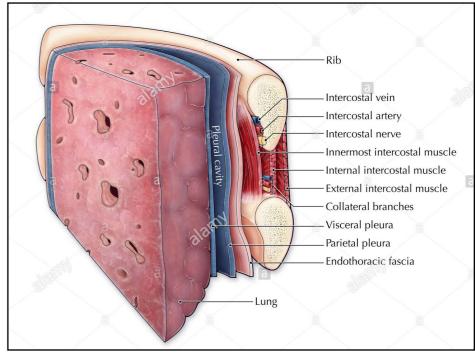
- The students should know the surface anatomy of pleura:
 - at the midclavicular line, the recess is between rib spaces 6 and 8,
 - at the midaxillary line between 8 and 10
 - at the paravertebral line between 10 and 12.





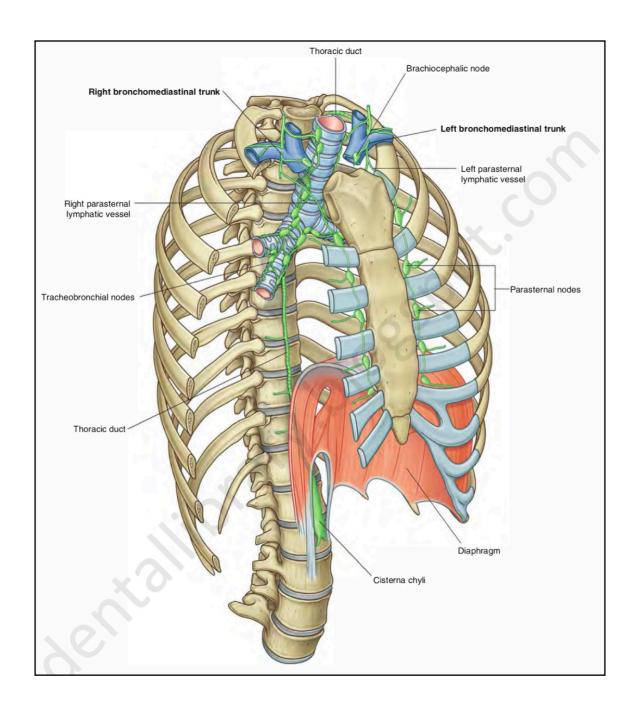
- The students should know the arterial supply of the parietal pleura:
 - Intercostal arteries(ant& post)
 - Internal thoracic
 - Musculophrenic arteries
- The students should know the arterial supply of the visceral pleura:
 - Bronchial arteries





■ Pleura

• The students should know the Lymphatic drainage of pleura:



■ Pleura

• The students should know the nerve supply of pleura:

